



## RSC Communicable and Respiratory Disease Report for England

### Key Statistics:

Week Number/Year..... **26/2020**  
 Week Starting - Ending..... **22/06/2020 - 28/06/2020**  
 No. of Practices..... **337**  
 Population..... **3,563,743**

### National (England)

- **Acute Bronchitis** : increased from **9.2** in week 25 to **9.3** in week 26.
- **Asthma** : decreased from **6.5** in week 25 to **5.9** in week 26.
- **Common Cold** : was unchanged at **3.2** in week 25 and **3.2** in week 26.
- **Influenza-like illness** : decreased from **0.9** in week 25 to **0.3** in week 26.
- **Respiratory System Diseases** : increased from **93.4** in week 25 to **95.3** in week 26.
- **COVID-19** : decreased from **10.0** in week 25 to **6.1** in week 26.

### Regional (North, South, London and Midlands and East)

- **Acute Bronchitis** : increased from **3.6** in week 25 to **5.1** in week 26 in the London region, increased from **14.1** in week 25 to **16.8** in week 26 in the North region, decreased from **8.4** in week 25 to **6.4** in week 26 in the South region, and decreased from **8.0** in week 25 to **7.3** in week 26 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Asthma** : increased from **5.2** in week 25 to **6.9** in week 26 in the London region, decreased from **9.2** in week 25 to **6.9** in week 26 in the North region, increased from **4.9** in week 25 to **5.3** in week 26 in the South region, and decreased from **7.0** in week 25 to **4.4** in week 26 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Common Cold** : increased from **3.6** in week 25 to **4.4** in week 26 in the London region, increased from **4.1** in week 25 to **4.3** in week 26 in the North region, increased from **1.8** in week 25 to **1.9** in week 26 in the South region, and decreased from **5.3** in week 25 to **3.5** in week 26 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Influenza-like illness** : decreased from **0.4** in week 25 to **0.2** in week 26 in the London region, decreased from **1.2** in week 25 to **0.5** in week 26 in the North region, decreased from **1.2** in week 25 to **0.3** in week 26 in the South region, and decreased from **0.2** in week 25 to **0.0** in week 26 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Respiratory System Diseases** : increased from **78.3** in week 25 to **84.3** in week 26 in the London region, increased from **128.0** in week 25 to **130.8** in week 26 in the North region, decreased from **74.4** in week 25 to **74.0** in week 26 in the South region, and increased from **92.1** in week 25 to **97.6** in week 26 in the Midlands And East region.
- **COVID-19** : decreased from **14.0** in week 25 to **13.0** in week 26 in the London region, decreased from **12.9** in week 25 to **8.5** in week 26 in the North region, decreased from **5.2** in week 25 to **2.2** in week 26 in the South region, and decreased from **13.1** in week 25 to **4.6** in week 26 in the Midlands And East region.

### Comment:

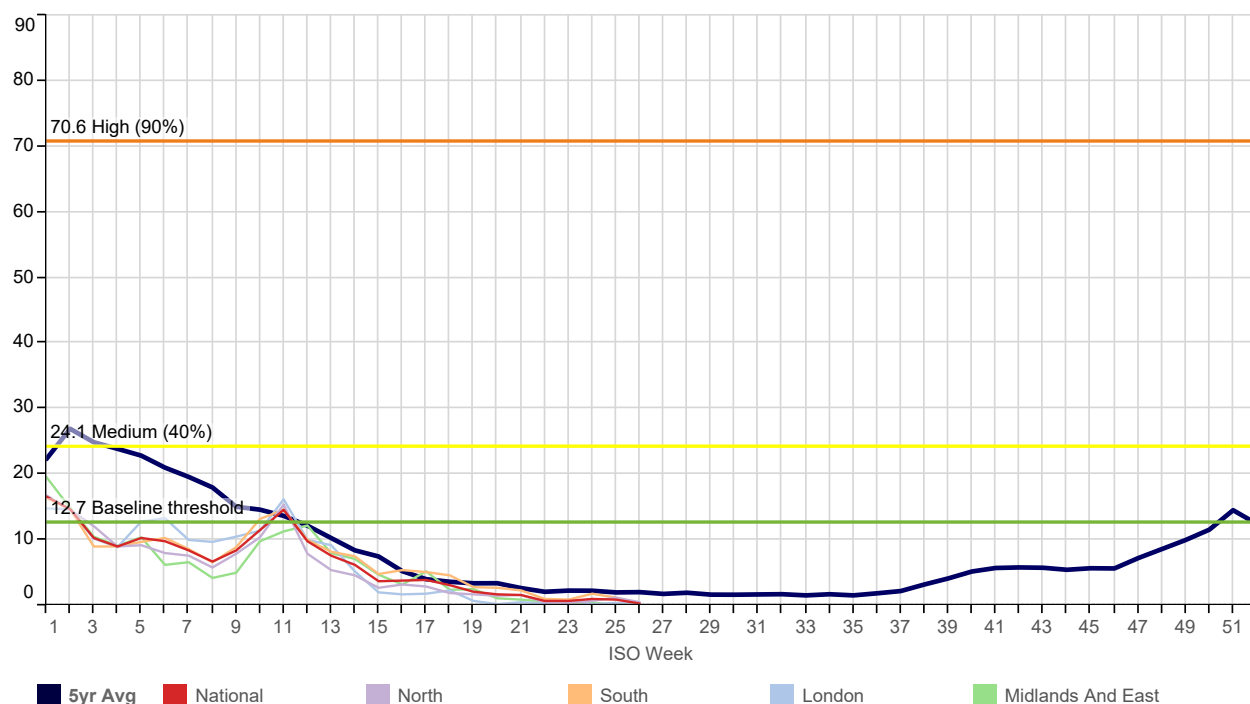
Presentations of respiratory diseases and other infections have increased this week, but remain well below seasonal levels for this time of year, probably due to the recent lockdown. There has been a fall in COVID-19 incidence across all age-bands and all regions (Graphs F and G).

This report includes a virology update.

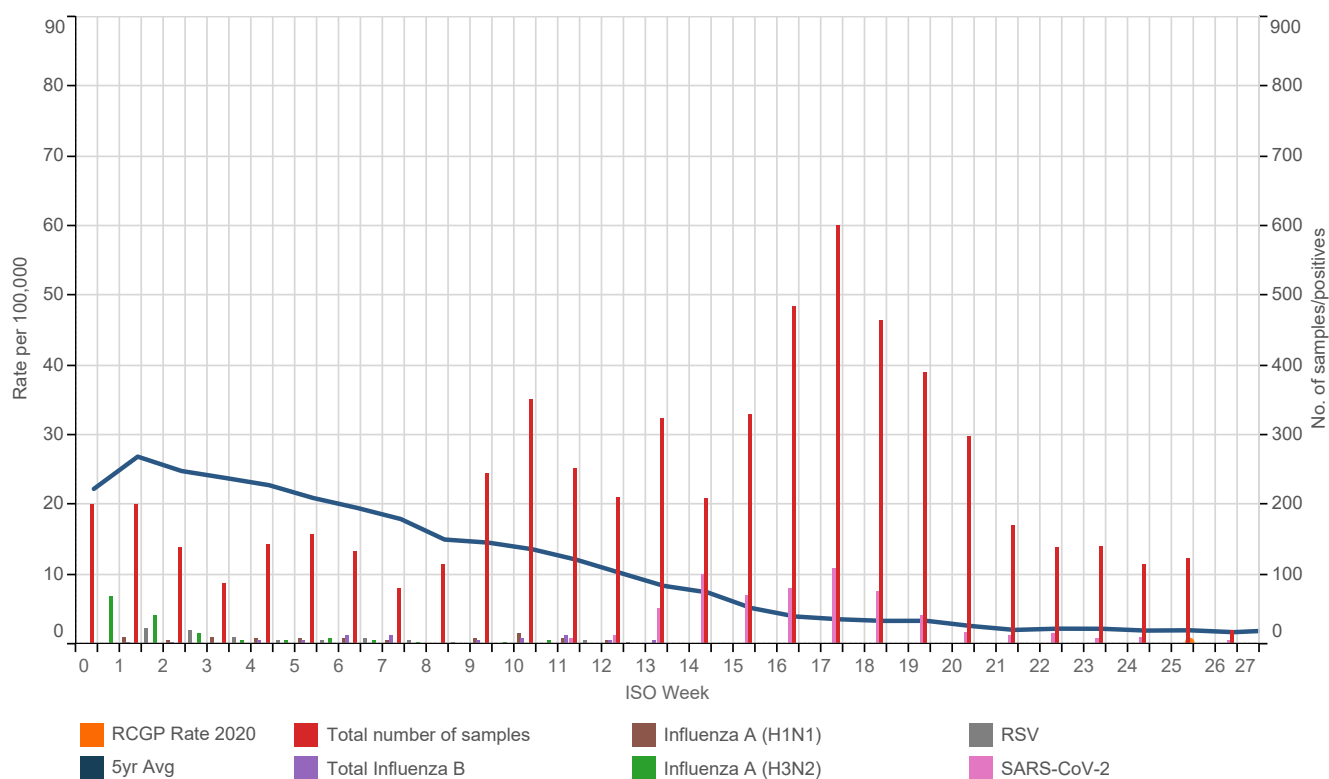
## Summer Focus 2020

Please see page 15 for explanatory notes on the data.

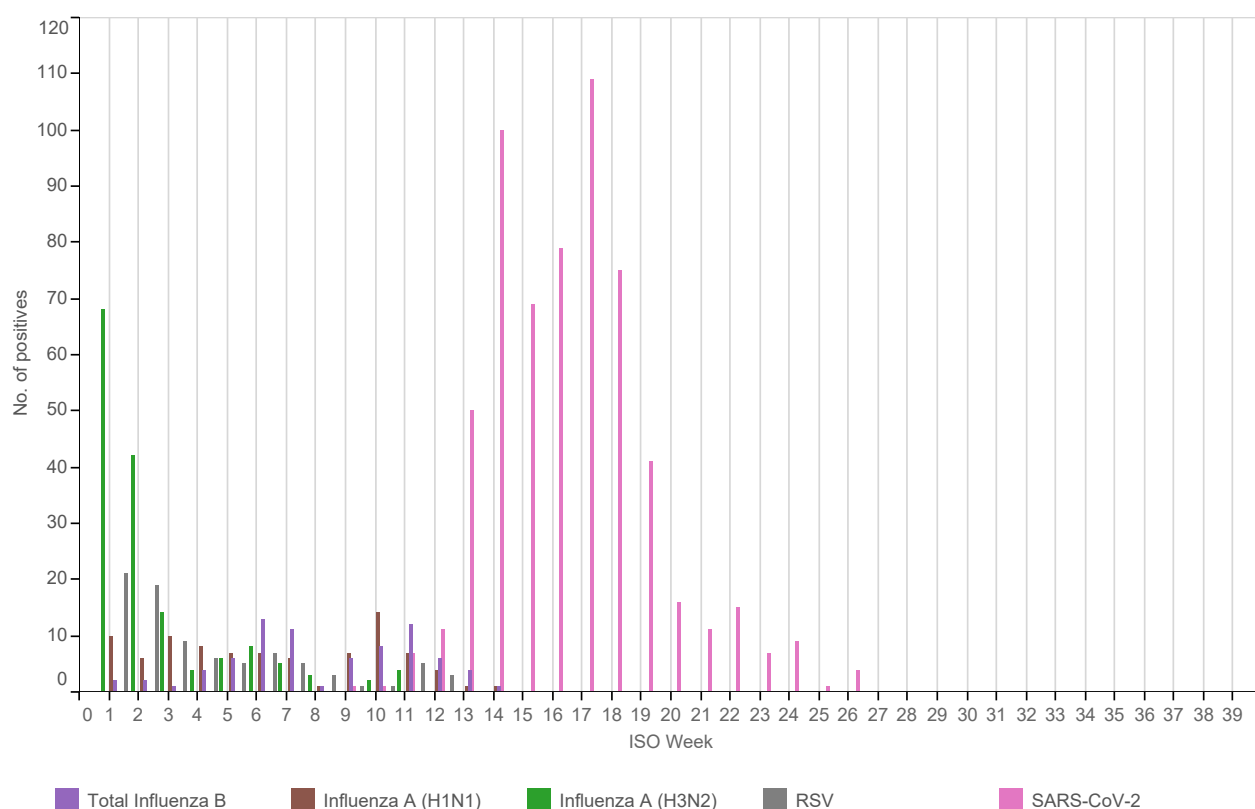
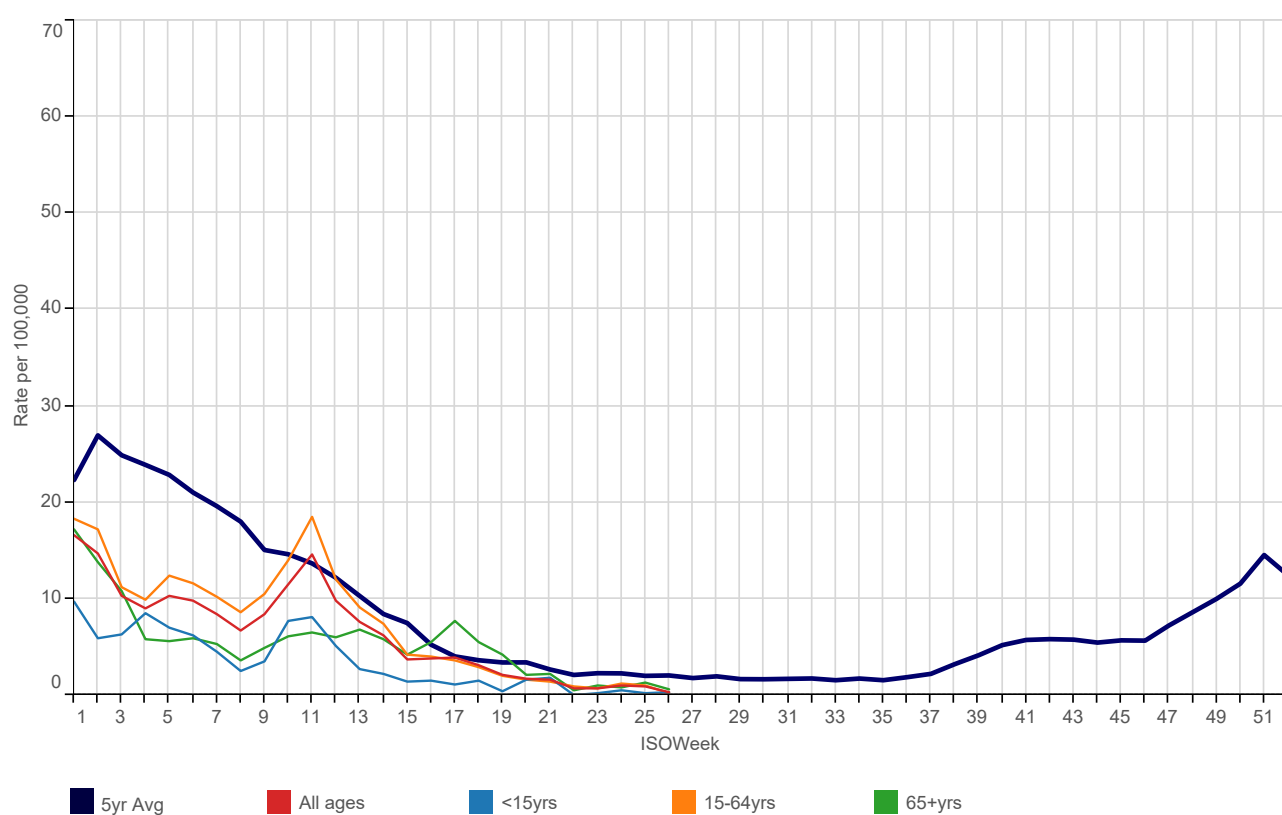
### (A) Influenza-like illness: national incidence rate summer 2020 by region\*

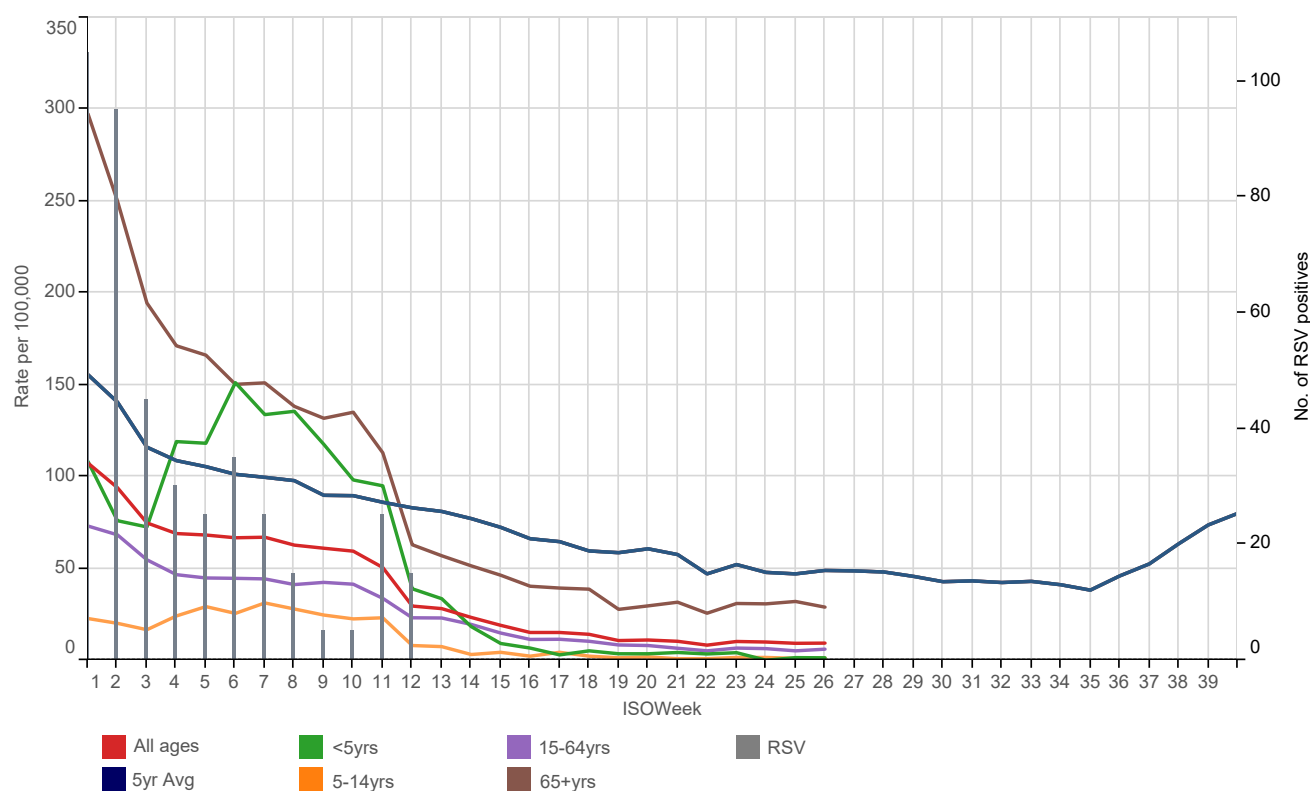


### (B) RCGP/PHE RSV, Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 Virology Swab Surveillance 2020\*

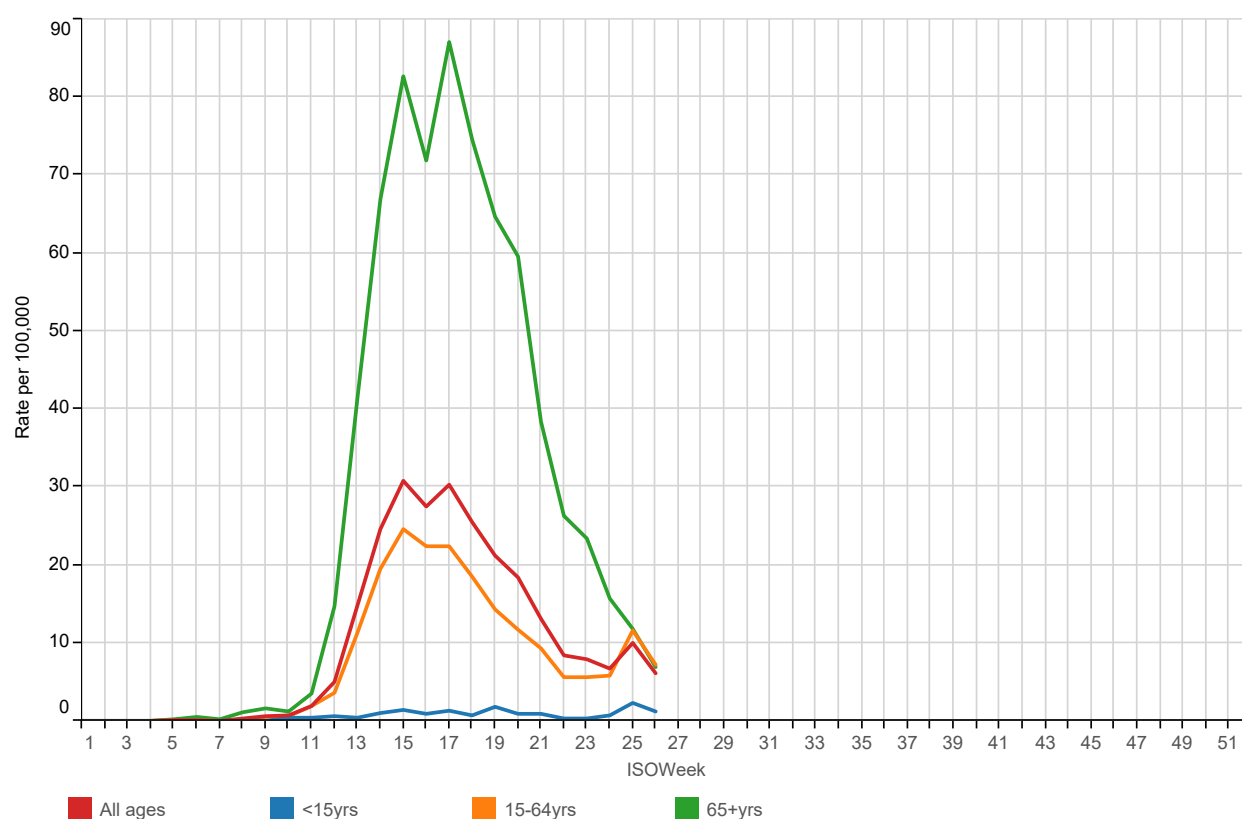
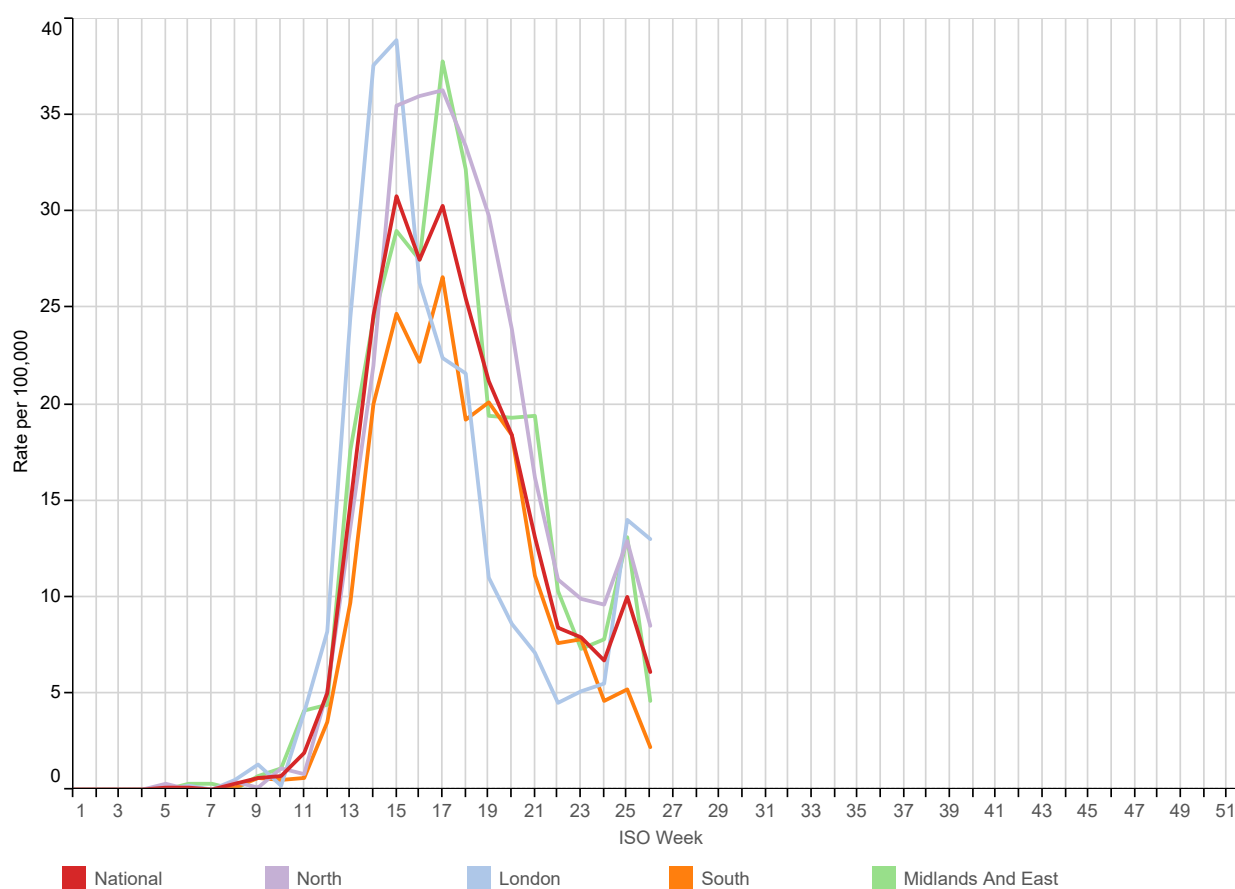


\* The rolling average line (blue) is based on 5 year historic RCGP RSC level (Graph A). The weekly virology samples displayed are offset from the ISO Week (Graphs B & C).

**(C) RCGP/PHE RSV, Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 Virology Swab Surveillance 2020 by viral strain\*****(D) Influenza-like illness: national incidence rate 2020 by age group\***

**(E) Acute Bronchitis: national incidence rate 2020 by age group\*****Weekly Influenza-like illness and Acute Bronchitis incidence rates per 100,000 persons**

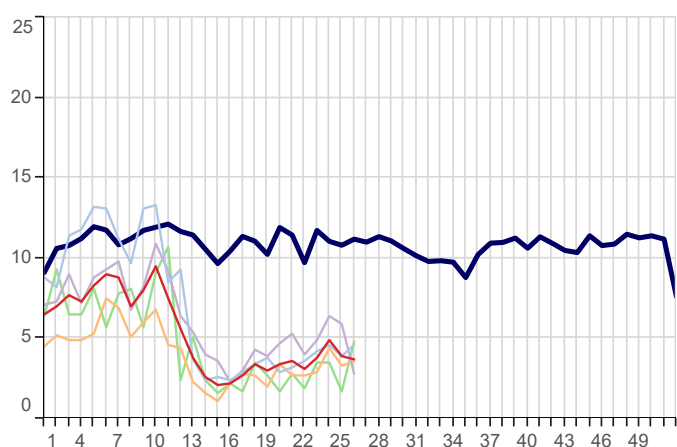
Influenza-like illness		Bronchitis	Influenza-like illness		Bronchitis
<1yr	0.0	6.3	London	0.2	5.1
1-4yrs	0.0	1.3	North	0.5	16.8
5-14yrs	0.5	1.2	South	0.3	6.4
15-24yrs	0.0	2.4	Midlands And East	0.0	7.3
25-44yrs	0.1	3.8	National	0.3	9.3
45-64yrs	0.4	10.0			
65-74yrs	0.6	18.3			
75-84yrs	0.9	34.1			
85+yrs	0.0	57.9			
All ages	0.3	9.3			

**(F) COVID-19 : national incidence rate 2020 by age group\*****(G) COVID-19 : national incidence rate 2020 by region\***

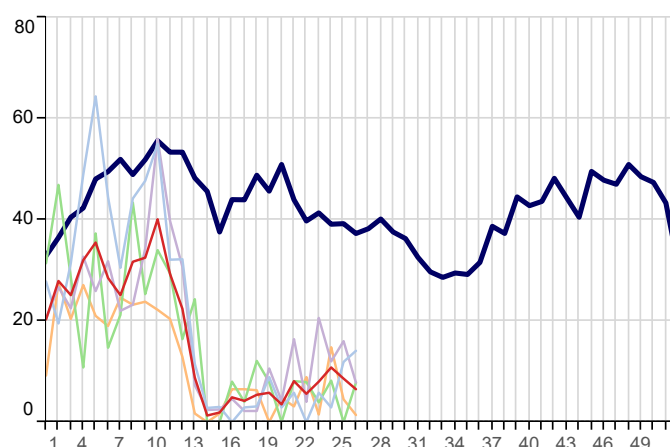
# 1. Water & Food Borne Disorders:

5yr Avg   National   London   North   South   Midlands And East

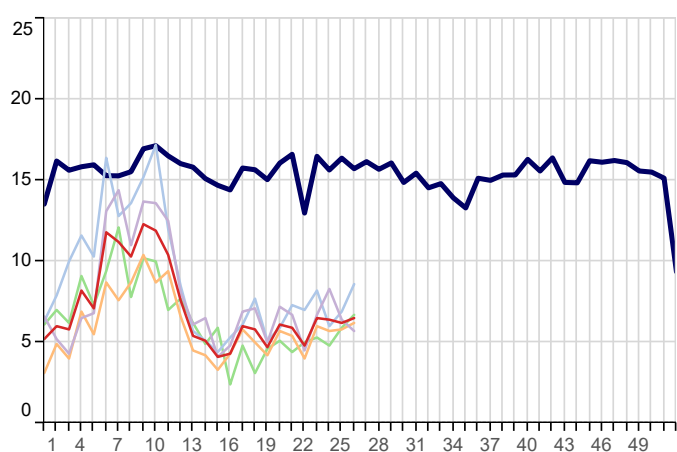
**Infectious Intestinal Disease (ICD10: A00-A09)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by regions  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



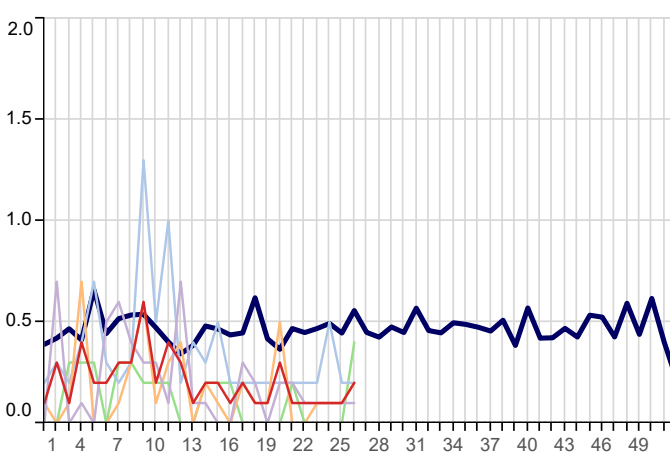
**Infectious Intestinal Disease (ICD10: A00-A09)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **0-4 years**) by regions  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Non-Infective Enteritis & Colitis (ICD10: K50-K52)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



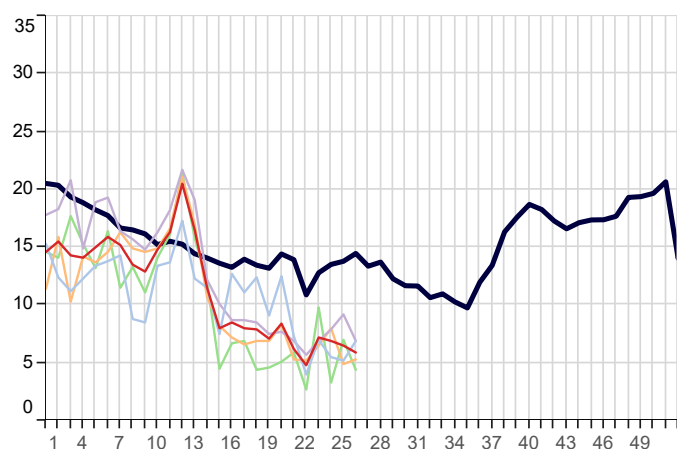
**Viral Hepatitis (ICD10: B15-B19)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



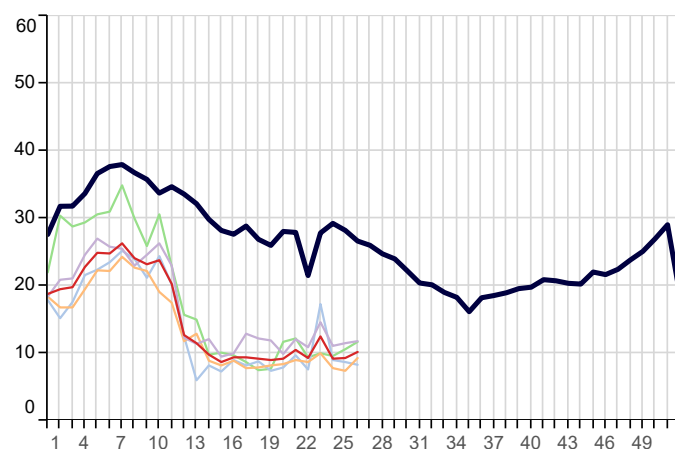
## 2. Environmentally Sensitive Disorders:

5yr Avg   National   London   North   South   Midlands And East

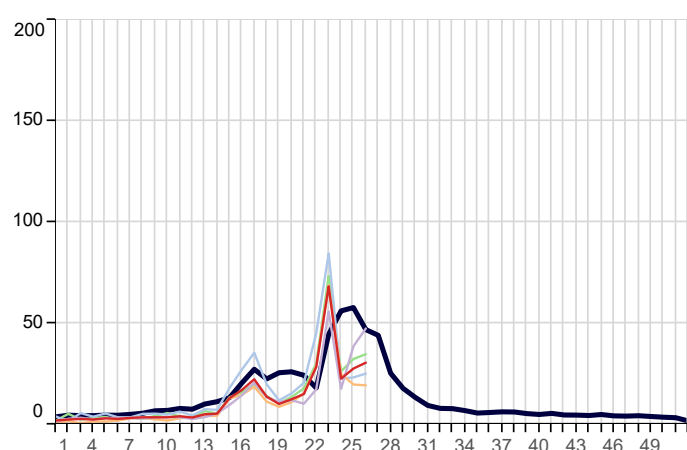
**Asthma (ICD10: J45-J46)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



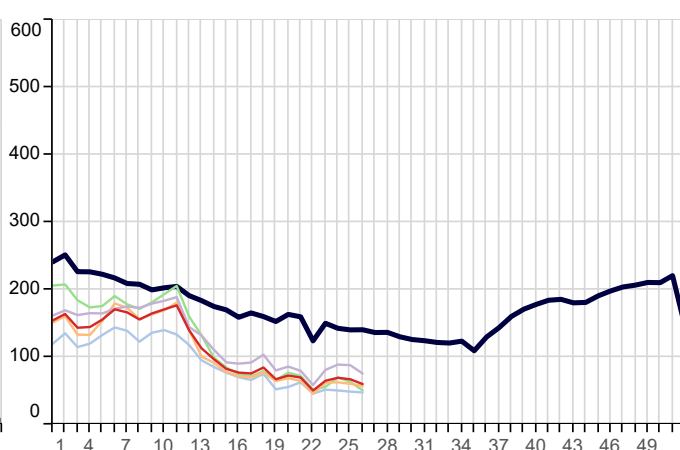
**Disorders of Conjunctiva (ICD10: H10-H13)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Hayfever/Allergic Rhinitis (ICD10: J30)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



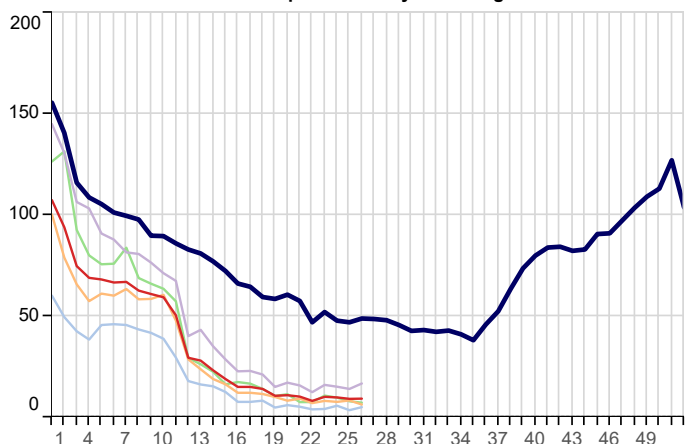
**Symptoms involving Respiratory & Chest (ICD10: R05-R07,R09)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



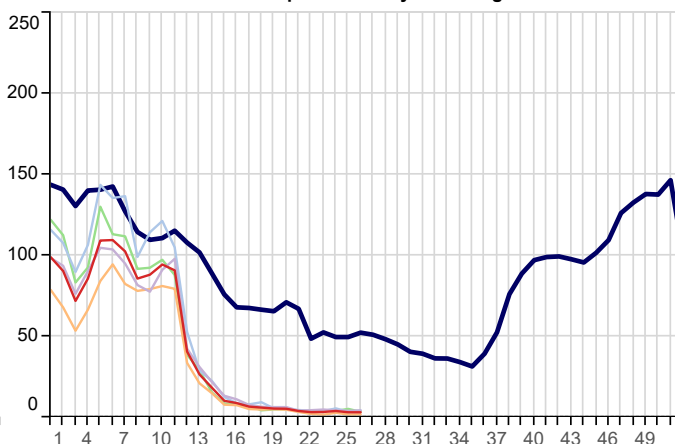
### 3. Respiratory Infections:

5yr Avg   National   London   North   South   Midlands And East

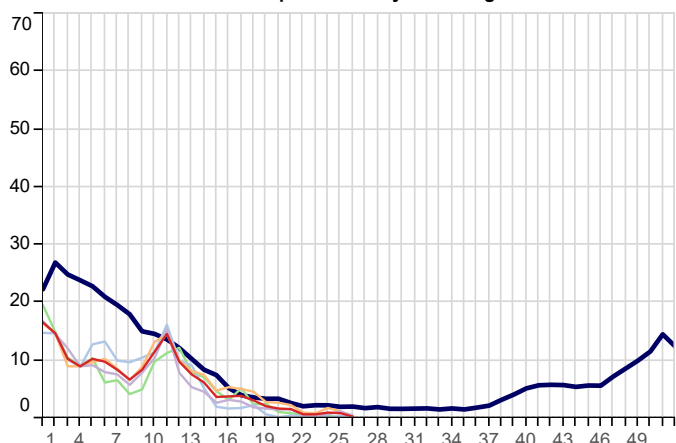
**Acute Bronchitis (ICD10: J20-J21,J40)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



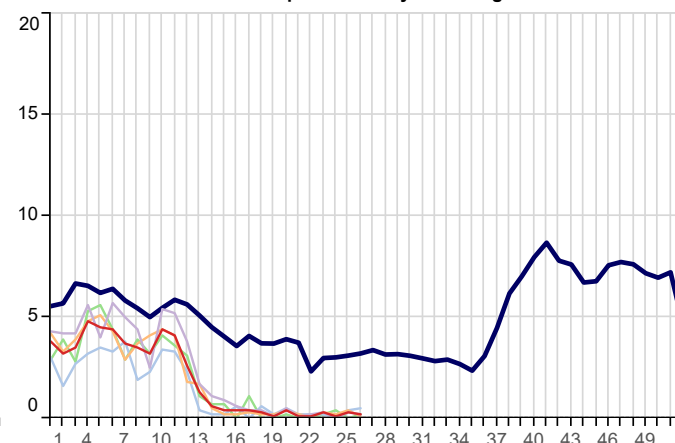
**Common Cold (ICD10: J00,J06)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



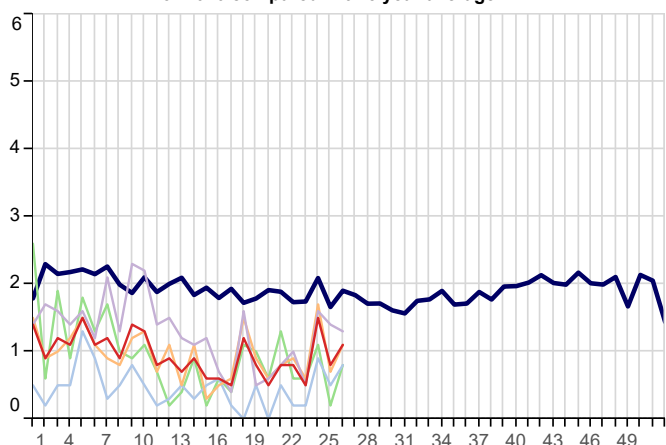
**Influenza-like illness (ICD10: J09-J11)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



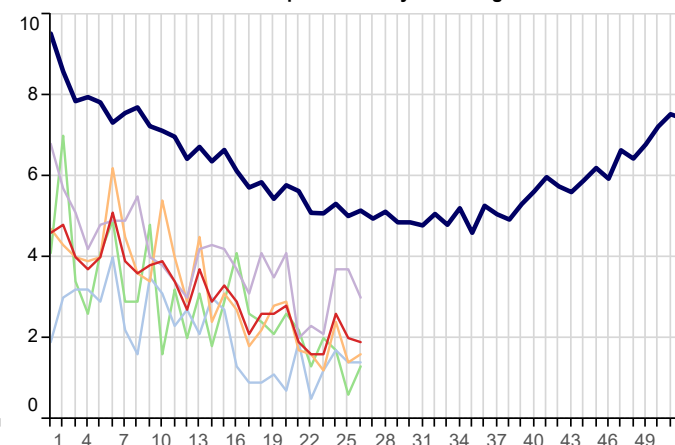
**Acute Laryngitis/Tracheitis (ICD10: J04)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Pleurisy (ICD10: R091)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Pneumonia/Pneumonitis (ICD10: J12-J18)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average

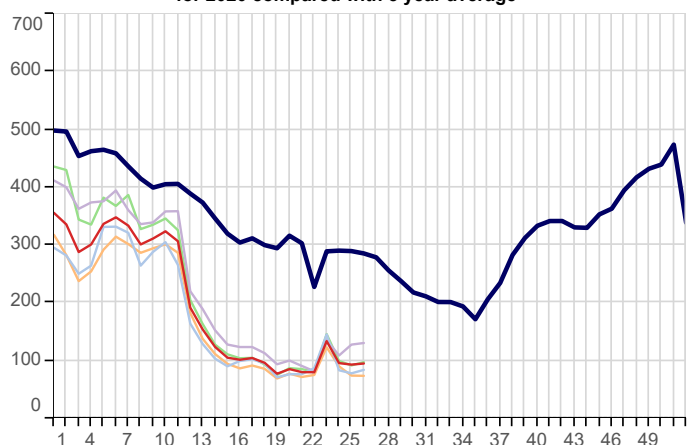




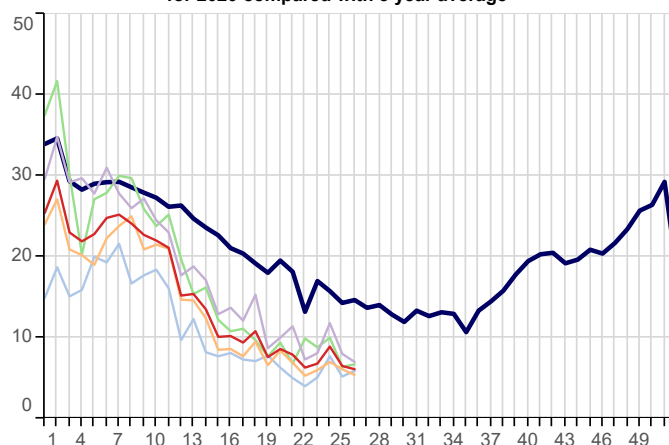
### 3. Respiratory Infections(Continued):

5yr Avg   National   London   North   South   Midlands And East

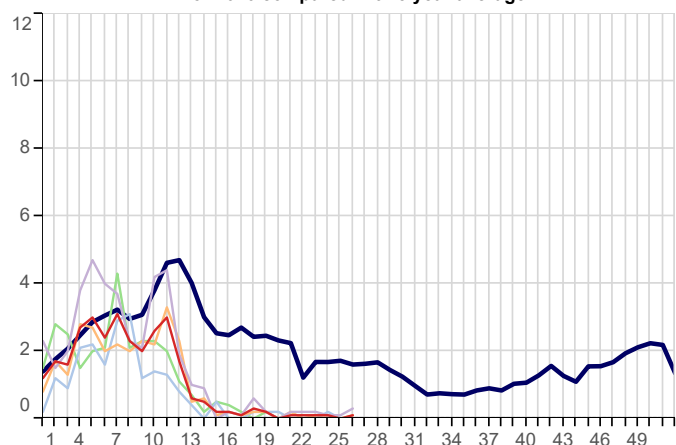
**Respiratory System Diseases (ICD10: J00-J99)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



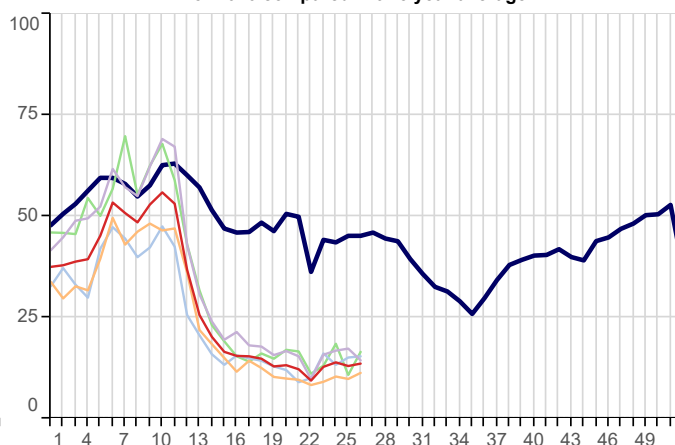
**Acute Sinusitis (ICD10: J01)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



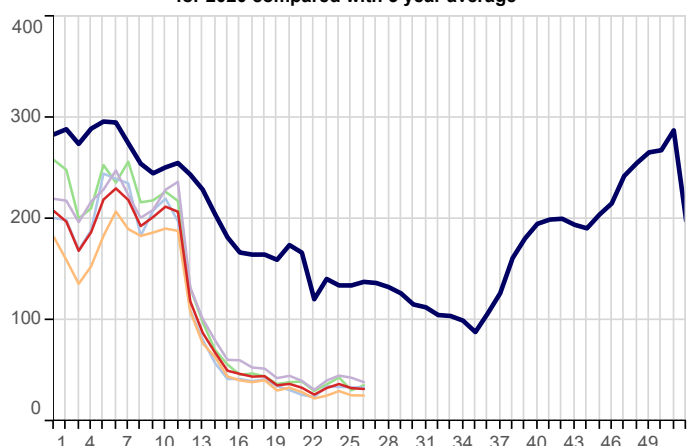
**Strep Sore Throat, Scarletina and Peritonsillar Abscess (ICD10: A38,J02,J36)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



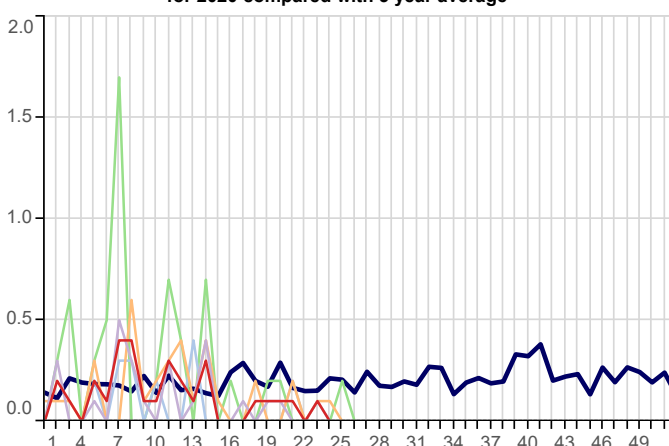
**Acute Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis (ICD10: J02-J03)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)(ICD10: J00-J06)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



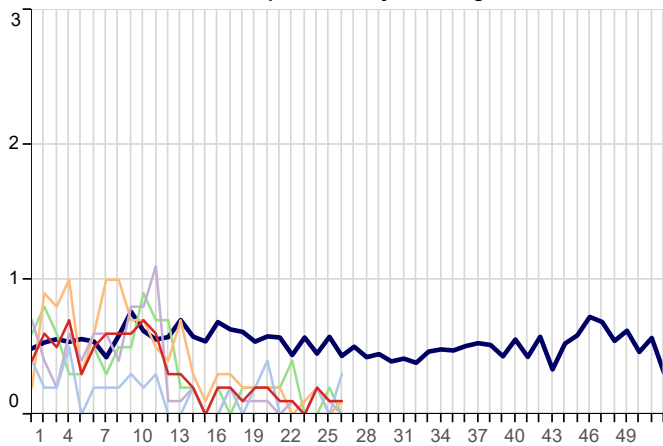
**Whooping Cough (ICD10: A37)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



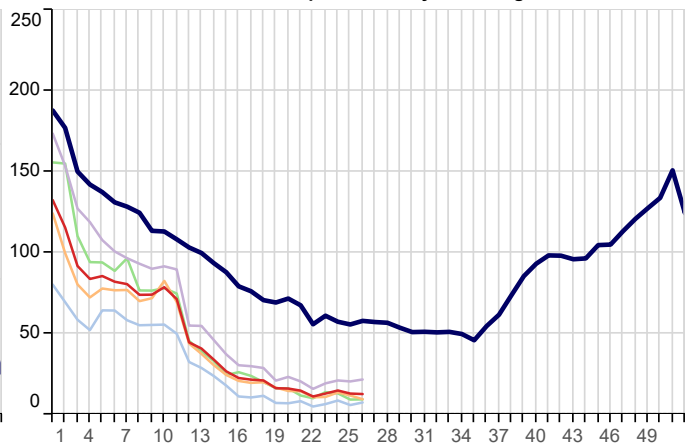
### 3. Respiratory Infections(Continued):

■ 5yr Avg   ■ National   ■ London   ■ North   ■ South   ■ Midlands And East

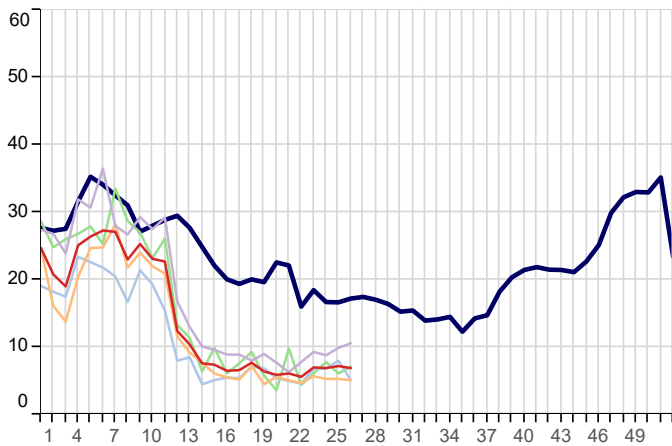
**Infectious Mononucleosis (ICD10: B27)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI)(ICD10: J20-J22)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



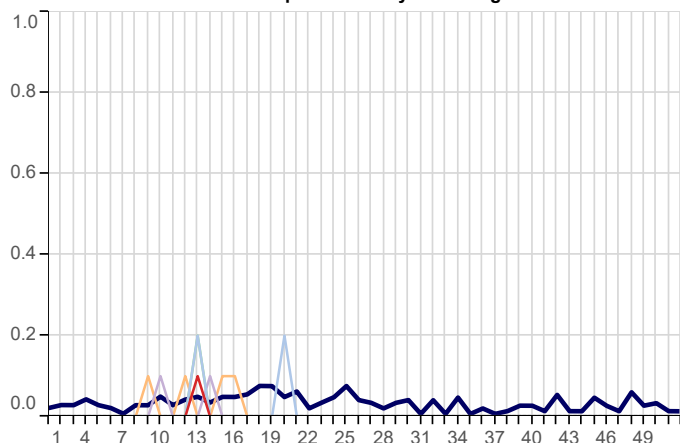
**Acute Otitis Media (ICD10: H650-H651,H660,H669)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



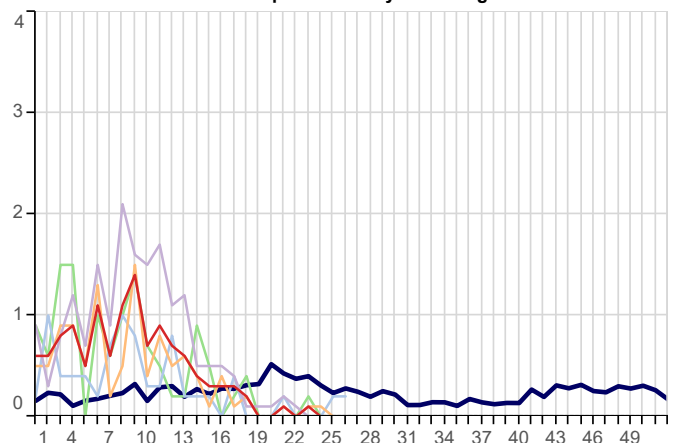
## 4. Vaccine Sensitive Disorders

5yr Avg   National   London   North   South   Midlands And East

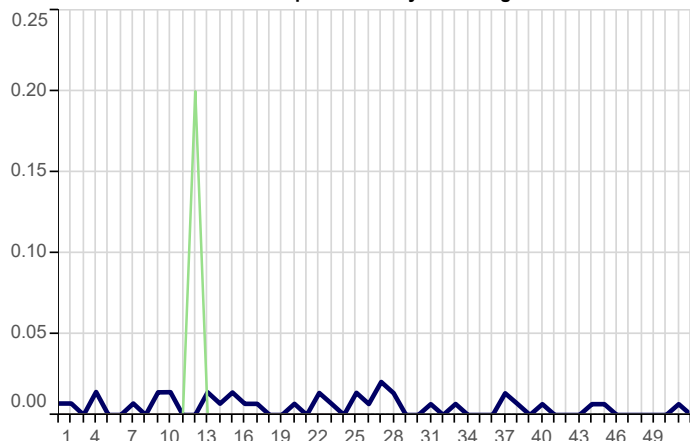
**Measles (ICD10: B05)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Mumps (ICD10: B26)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average

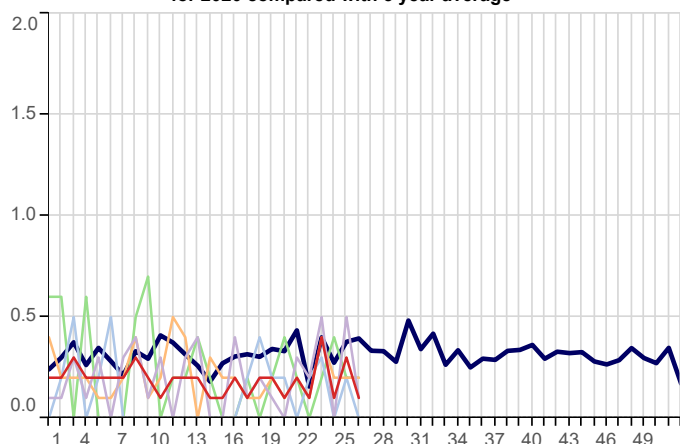


**Rubella (ICD10: B06)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average

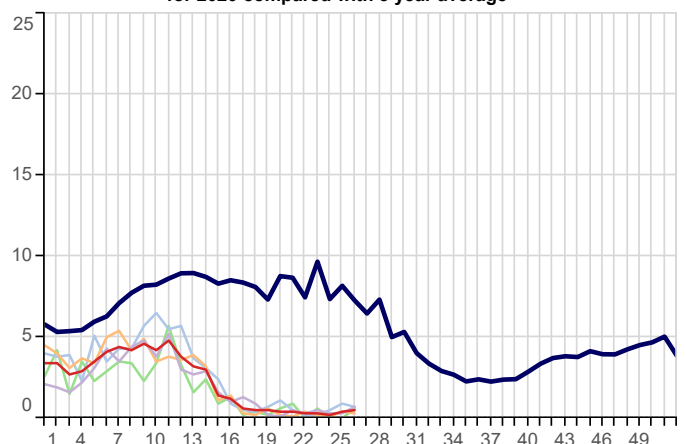


## 5. Skin Contagions

**Bullous Dermatoses (ICD10: L10-L14)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



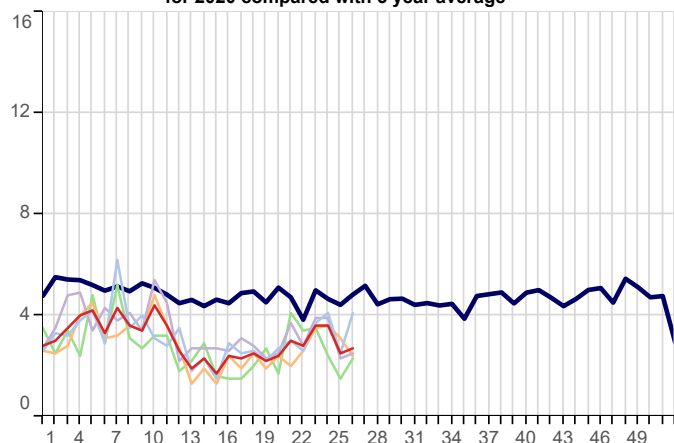
**Chickenpox (ICD10: B01)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



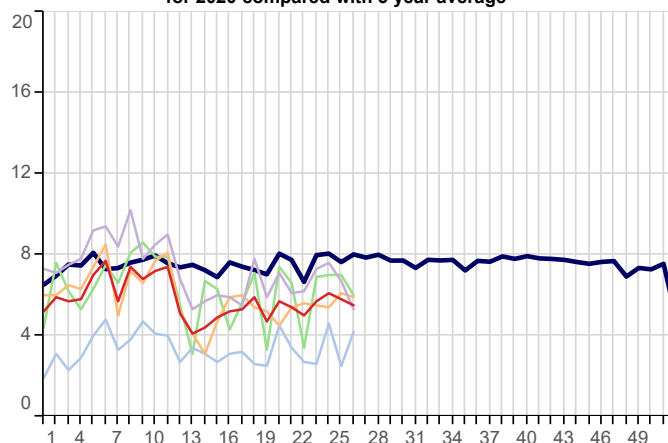
## 5. Skin Contagions (Continued)

5yr Avg   National   London   North   South   Midlands And East

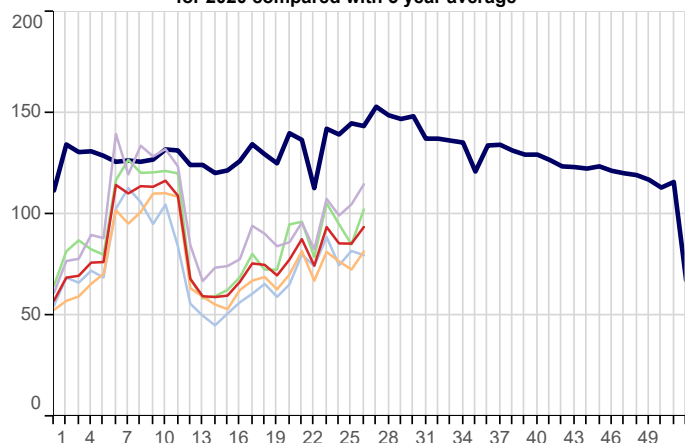
**Herpes Simplex (ICD10: B00)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



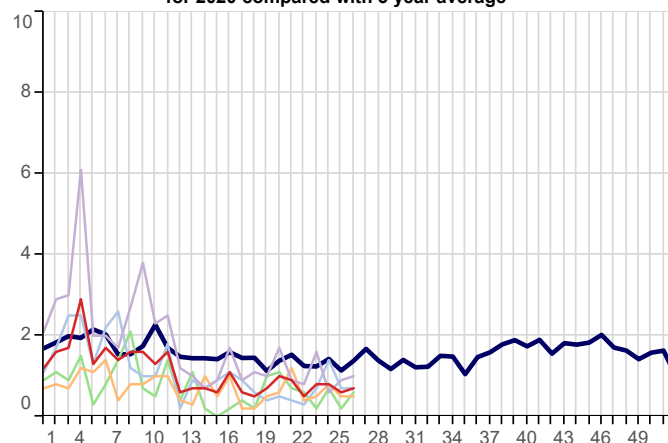
**Herpes Zoster (ICD10: B02)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



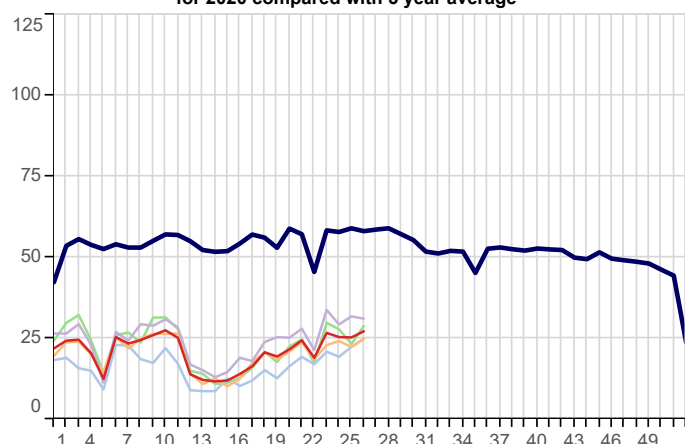
**Infections of Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue (ICD10: L00-L08)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



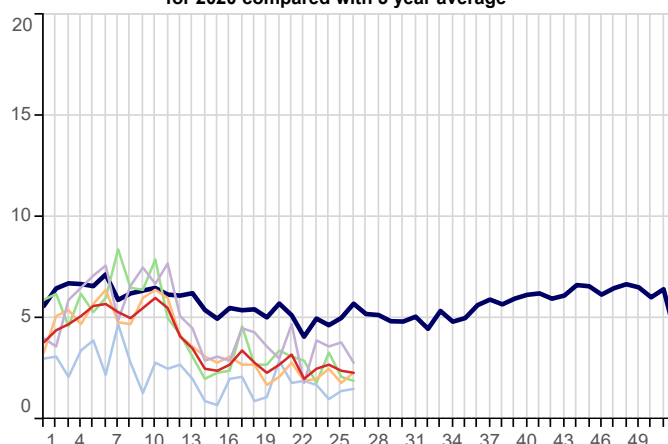
**Scabies (ICD10: B86)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Symptoms involving Skin & Oth Integument Tiss (ICD10: R20-R23)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Impetigo (ICD10: L01)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



## 6. Disorders Affecting the Nervous System

5yr Avg

National

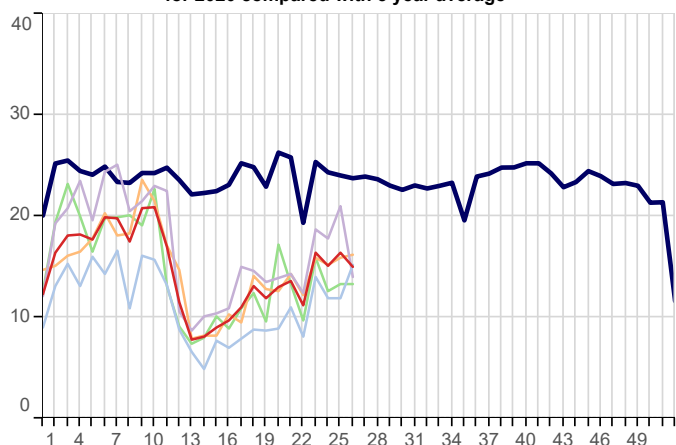
London

North

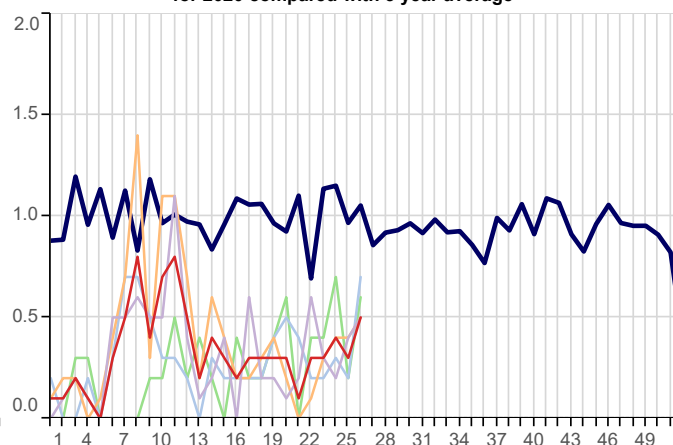
South

Midlands And East

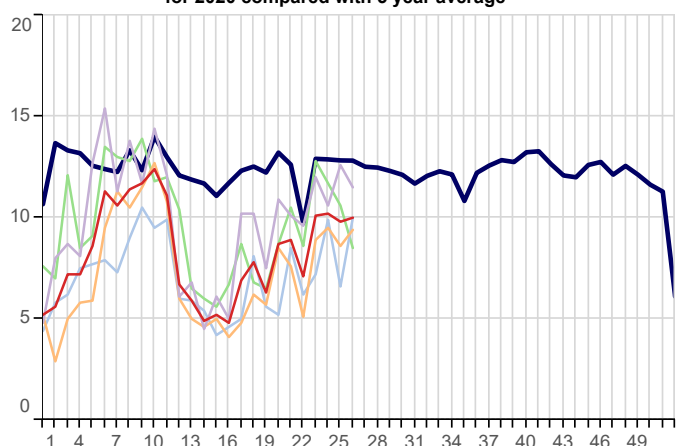
**Disorders of The Peripheral Nervous System (ICD10: G50-G64,G70-G72)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



**Meningitis/Encephalitis (ICD10: A170-A171,A390,A38-A85,A87,G00-G05)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average

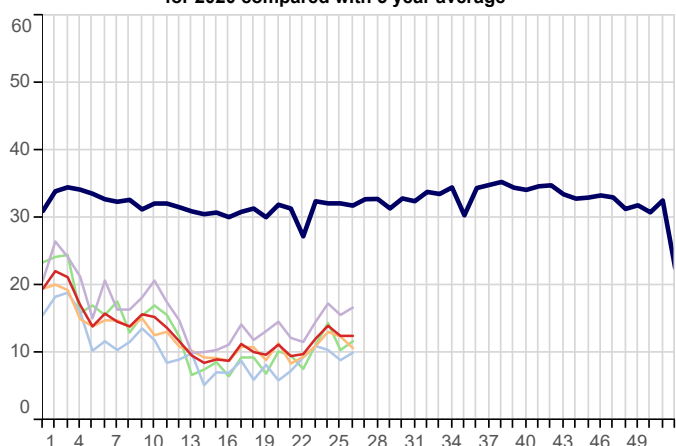


**Symptoms Involving Nervous & Musculoskeletal (ICD10: R25-R29)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



## 7. Genitourinary System Disorders

**Urinary Tract Infection/Cystitis (ICD10: N30,N390)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region  
for 2020 compared with 5 year average



## 8. Tabular Summary by Disease

Disease Name	Week beginning Week ending		22/06/2020 28/06/2020		15/06/2020 21/06/2020		08/06/2020 14/06/2020		01/06/2020 07/06/2020	
	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer
Allergic Rhinitis	30.6	1,089	27.7	942	22.7	782	68.3	2,351		
Asthma	5.9	211	6.5	221	6.9	238	7.2	247		
Bronchitis	9.3	332	9.2	314	9.9	340	10.2	351		
Bullous Dermatoses	0.1	5	0.3	10	0.1	5	0.4	13		
Chickenpox	0.5	19	0.4	14	0.2	8	0.3	12		
Common Cold	3.2	115	3.2	110	4.0	137	3.4	116		
Conjunctival Disorders	10.2	363	9.3	315	9.2	317	12.5	431		
Herpes Simplex	2.7	96	2.5	86	3.6	124	3.6	125		
Herpes Zoster	5.5	196	5.8	196	6.1	211	5.7	197		
Impetigo	2.3	81	2.4	81	2.7	93	2.5	86		
Infectious Mononucleosis	0.1	4	0.1	2	0.2	6	0.0	1		
Influenza-like illness	0.3	11	0.9	31	1.0	35	0.7	23		
Infectious Intestinal Diseases	3.7	132	3.9	133	4.9	169	3.8	130		
Laryngitis and Tracheitis	0.2	7	0.3	11	0.1	5	0.3	9		
Lower Respiratory Tract Infections	12.7	451	13.0	443	14.9	515	13.0	448		
Measles	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0		
Meningitis and Encephalitis	0.5	19	0.3	11	0.4	13	0.3	10		
Mumps	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.1	2		
Non-infective Enteritis and Colitis	6.5	233	6.2	209	6.4	220	6.5	223		
Otitis Media Acute	6.9	247	7.2	246	6.9	239	7.0	240		
Peripheral Nervous Disease	15.0	535	16.4	556	15.1	520	16.4	564		
Pleurisy	1.1	38	0.8	28	1.5	50	0.5	17		
Pneumonia and Pneumonitis	1.9	69	2.0	67	2.6	89	1.6	55		
Respiratory System Diseases	95.3	3,396	93.4	3,172	96.0	3,310	134.0	4,610		
Rubella	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0		
Scabies	0.7	24	0.6	21	0.8	28	0.8	28		
Sinusitis	6.1	218	6.5	222	8.9	307	6.8	235		
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Infections	93.7	3,338	85.5	2,902	85.6	2,949	93.7	3,222		
Strep Throat and Peritonsillar Abscess	0.1	5	0.0	1	0.1	4	0.1	4		
Symptoms involving musculoskeletal	10.0	355	9.8	331	10.2	351	10.1	347		
Symptoms involving Respiratory and Chest	60.1	2,141	67.2	2,280	69.4	2,392	65.0	2,236		
Symptoms involving Skin and Integument Tissues	27.2	970	25.3	858	25.4	874	26.7	920		
Tonsillitis and acute Pharyngitis	13.6	483	13.0	442	13.9	478	12.8	439		
Upper Respiratory Tract Infections	32.0	1,141	32.8	1,115	36.9	1,272	32.9	1,132		
Urinary Tract Infections	12.5	444	12.5	424	14.0	484	12.1	415		
Viral Hepatitis	0.2	7	0.1	4	0.1	5	0.1	3		
Whooping Cough	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.1	2		
<b>Practice Count</b>		<b>337</b>		<b>326</b>		<b>327</b>		<b>329</b>		
<b>Denom</b>		<b>3,563,743</b>		<b>3,394,814</b>		<b>3,446,768</b>		<b>3,440,465</b>		

## FURTHER INFORMATION:

### About the report

#### Summer focus

The first two pages of data within this report focus on Influenza-like illness and COVID-19, in order to provide information about seasonal influenza and early warnings of any epidemic.

#### Rate calculation

Each weekly incidence rate is presented per 100,000 population. All presentations are for males and females, and for all age groups, unless otherwise stated.

The denominator used for this report is taken from our most recent extract of data from GP practice systems, and includes all patients currently registered with eligible practices. The denominator varies week-on-week as patients register and deregister; it may also be the case that all patients from an individual practice are excluded because of problems with the data extraction from that practice in a specific week. As stated above, patients who have withheld consent for data-sharing are excluded.

In addition to the national rate, we present data for the four NHS England regions: North; Midlands and East; South; and London.

#### Five-year averages

Weekly rates are set against the five-year average, calculated from data for the calendar years 2014-2018. Previously we reported against a ten-year average. The change to a five-year average was made because longer-term trends in the incidence of disease have led to weekly rates for certain diseases becoming increasingly divergent from their ten-year average. The use of five-year averages lessens this effect and enables more meaningful comparison.

#### Threshold calculation for Influenza-Like Illness (ILI)

We are now using the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) to calculate threshold and intensity levels for Influenza-Like Illness. MEM works by identifying seasonal epidemic peaks and then calculates thresholds and intensity levels based on the pre and post epidemic values. This allows us to report the severity of ILI against multiple thresholds, rather than a simple comparison with the five-year average as the wide variation in ILI year on year, especially during the seasonal peak, makes the average less representative.

In addition to the All Ages thresholds, we have also calculated thresholds for three age bands: those aged under 15, 15-64 year olds and those aged 65 and over. ILI incidence rates vary among different age groups, and the age-specific thresholds allow us to highlight epidemics where ILI disproportionately affects a particular age group.

This methodology is used by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control to standardise reporting of influenza activity across Europe, and is also in use by Public Health England. Full details of the methodology can be found in: Vega *et al.* (2012) Influenza surveillance in Europe: establishing epidemic thresholds by the moving epidemic method. *Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses* 7(4), 546–558. For ease of graphical representation, the final threshold (Very High) is not included in Graph A, page 2, but it is part of Table 3, page 3.

Both the *all-ages* thresholds and the *age-specific* thresholds are shown in Table 2, page 3. Ten years of data were used for *all-ages* and *age-specific* thresholds calculation (winter seasons 2006/07- 2016/17 excluding 2009/10).

## About the Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) Research and Surveillance Centre (RSC)

### Acknowledgement:

Staff from the Data Science department at the National Physical Laboratory (<https://www.npl.co.uk/data-science>) assisted in the provision of and extension of the primary care national surveillance reports during the 2020 SARS-CoV-2 pandemic; as well as adding resilience.

### What we do

The RCGP RSC was established in 1957, with the current name in use since 2009. The Centre is an internationally renowned source of information, analysis and interpretation concerning the onset, patterns, prevalence and trends over time of morbidity in primary care. The RSC is an active research and surveillance unit that collects and monitors data; its most important research is the surveillance of influenza and the monitoring of vaccine effectiveness.

The RSC data and analytics hub is housed in the Section of Clinical Medicine and Ageing at the University of Surrey.

Further information about the RSC can be found on our website:

<http://www.rcgp.org.uk/rsc>

### Our data extraction process and information governance

Data are extracted twice weekly from practice systems by Wellbeing data management on the RCGP's behalf. Patients who have withheld consent for data sharing are excluded from the extraction process.

Data are pseudonymised as close to source as possible. Data are held on secure servers at the RCGP data and analytics hub in the Section of Clinical Medicine and Ageing at the University of Surrey. Both Wellbeing data management and the University of Surrey are Registered and compliant with the Data Protection Act and fully compliant with all relevant NHS Digital data information governance best practice.

### What the data is used for

The RCGP RSC has been providing reports weekly about health and disease, called the Weekly Returns Service (WRS) since 1964. The WRS monitors the number of patients consulting with new episodes of illness classified by diagnosis in England and provides weekly incidence rates per 100,000 population for these new episodes of illness. It is the key primary care element of the national disease monitoring systems run by Public Health England. The bulletin can be found at the following URL:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/syndromic-surveillance-summary>

In addition to the WRS, the data is used for other research studies. Any other uses of the data for research follow ethical approval or agreement from NIHR proportionate review, and where relevant Health Research Authority Confidential Advisory Group advice that further approval is not needed. Full details can be found on our website:

<http://www.rcgp.org.uk/rsc>

### For further information

For further information about the work of the RSC, or if you would like to be included on our email notification list, please contact:

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